

## Digital transistors (built-in resistors)

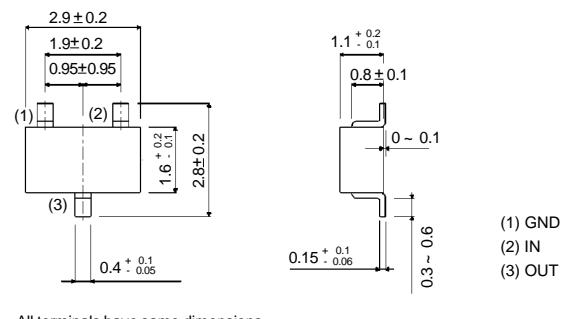
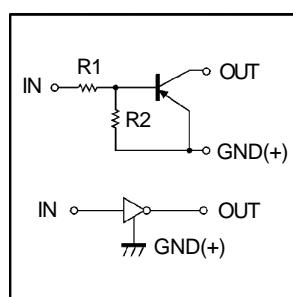
- Features

- 1) Built-in bias resistors enable the configuration of an inverter circuit without connecting external input resistors (see equivalent circuit).
- 2) The bias resistors consist of thinfilm resistors with complete isolation to allow positive biasing of the input. They also have the advantage of almost completely eliminating parasitic effects.
- 3) Only the on/ off conditions need to be set for operation, making device design easy.

- Structure

PNP digital transistor (with built-in resistors)

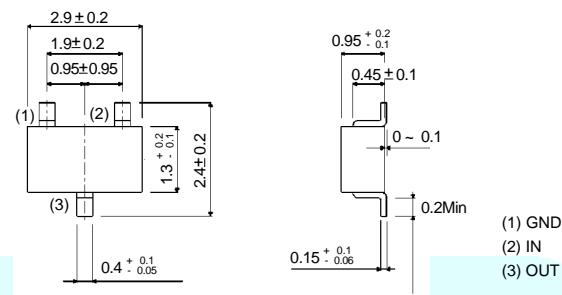
- Equivalent circuit



All terminals have same dimensions

**DTA114EKA**

**EIAJ: SC—59**



All terminals have same dimensions

**DTA114ECA**

**EIAJ: SOT—23**

- Absolute maximum ratings( $T_a=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	symbol	limits	unit
Supply voltage	$V_{cc}$	-50	V
Input voltage	$V_{IN}$	-10~+40	V
Output current	$I_O$	50	mA
	$I_{C(\text{Max.})}$	100	
Power dissipation	$P_d$	200	mW
Junction temperature	$T_j$	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55~+150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

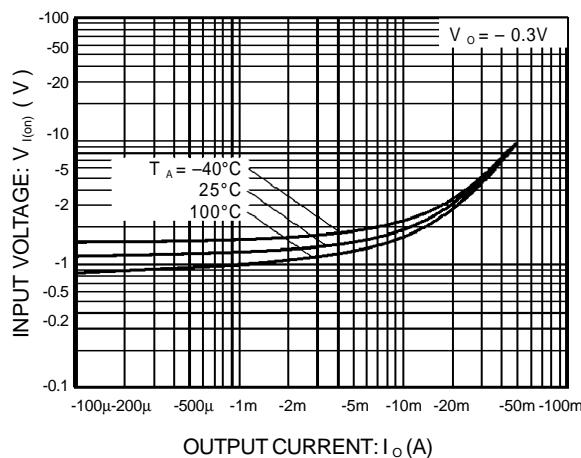
## DTC114EKA DTC114ECA

- Electrical characteristics( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

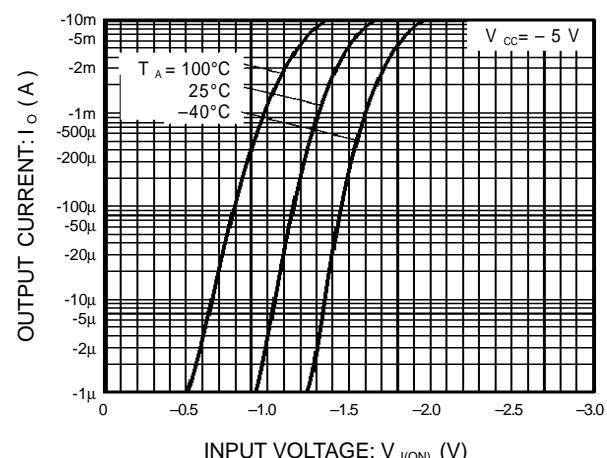
Parameter	symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input voltage	$V_{I(\text{off})}$	—	—	0.5	V	$V_{CC}= 5\text{V}, I_o= 100\mu\text{A}$
	$V_{I(\text{on})}$	3	—	—		$V_o= 0.3\text{V}, I_o= 10\text{mA}$
Output Voltage	$V_{O(\text{on})}$	—	0.1	0.3	V	$I_o / I_i = 10\text{mA} / 0.5\text{mA}$
Input current	$I_i$	—	—	0.88	mA	$V_i= 5\text{V}$
Output current	$I_{O(\text{off})}$	—	—	0.5	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC}= 50\text{V}, V_i= 0\text{V}$
DC current gain	$G_i$	30	—	—	—	$V_o= 5\text{V}, I_o= 5\text{mA}$
Input resistance	$R_i$	7	10	13	$\text{k}\Omega$	—
Resistance ratio	$R_2 / R_1$	0.8	1	1.2	—	—
Transition frequency	$f_T$	—	250	—	MHz	$V_{CE}= 10\text{V}, I_E= -5\text{mA}, f=100\text{MHz}^*$

\*Transition frequency of the device

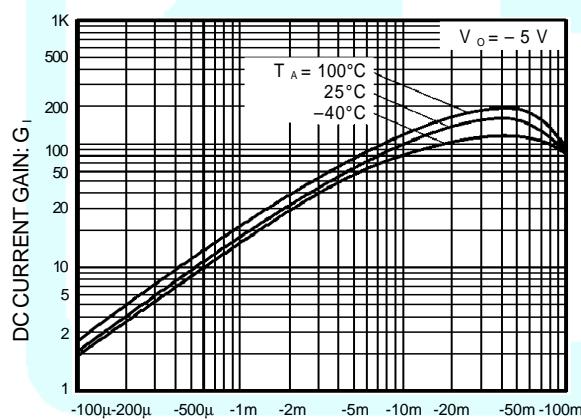
### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



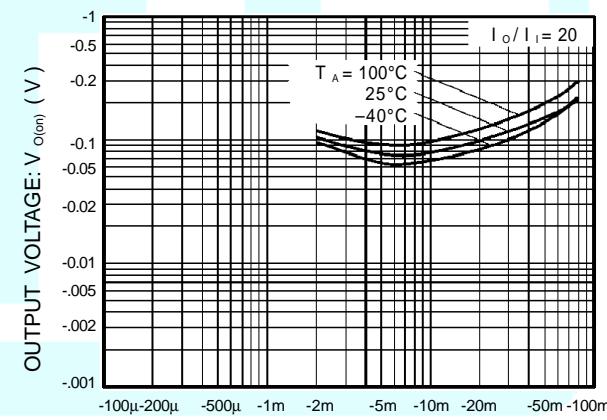
**Figure 1. Input voltage vs.output current  
(ON characteristics)**



**Figure 2. Output current vs.input voltage  
(OFF characteristics)**



**Figure 3. DC current gain vs.output current**



**Figure 4. Output voltage vs.output current**