

100EL16 5V ECL Differential Receiver

General Description

The 100EL16 is a 5V differential receiver that contains an internally supply voltage source, V_{BB} . When used in a single ended input condition the unused input must be tied to V_{BB} . When operating in this mode use a 0.01 μ F capacitor to decouple V_{BB} and V_{CC} and also limit the current sinking or sourcing capability to 0.5mA. When V_{BB} is not used it should be left open.

With inputs open or both inputs at V_{EE} the differential Q output defaults LOW.

The 100 series is temperature compensated.

Features

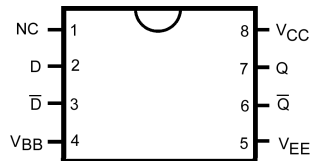
- Typical propagation delay of 250 ps
- Typical I_{EE} of 18 mA
- Internal pull-down resistors on inputs
- Fairchild MSOP-8 package is a drop-in replacement to ON TSSOP-8
- Meets or exceeds JEDEC specification EIA/JESD78 IC latch-up test
- Moisture Sensitivity Level 1
- ESD Performance:
Human Body Model > 2000V
Machine Model > 200V

Ordering Code:

Order Number	Package Number	Product Code Top Mark	Package Description
100EL16M	M08A	KEL16	8-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow
100EL16M8 (Preliminary)	MA08D	KL16	8-Lead Molded Small Outline Package (MSOP), JEDEC MO-187, 3.0mm Wide

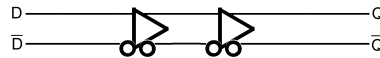
Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

Connection Diagram



Top View

Logic Diagram



Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Description
Q, \bar{Q}	ECL Data Outputs
D, \bar{D}	ECL Data Inputs
V_{BB}	Reference Voltage
V_{CC}	Positive Supply
V_{EE}	Negative Supply
NC	No Connect

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

PECL Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	$V_{EE} = 0V$	0.0V to +8.0V
NECL Supply Voltage (V_{EE})	$V_{CC} = 0V$	0.0V to -8.0V
PECL DC Input Voltage (V_I)	$V_{EE} = 0V$	0.0V to +6.0V
NECL DC Input Voltage (V_I)	$V_{CC} = 0V$	0.0V to -6.0V
DC Output Current (I_{OUT})		
Continuous		50 mA
Surge		100 mA
V_{BB} Sink/Source Current (I_{BB})		± 0.5 mA
Storage Temperature (T_{STG})		-65°C to +150°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

PECL Power Supply	$V_{CC} = 4.2V$ to $5.5V$
NECL Power Supply	$V_{EE} = -4.2V$ to $-5.5V$
Free Air Operating Temperature (T_A)	-40°C to +85°C

Note 1: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the absolute maximum rating. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

100EL PECL DC Electrical Characteristics $V_{CC} = 5.0V$; $V_{EE} = 0.0V$ (Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	-40°C			25°C			85°C			Units
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current		18	22		18	22		21	26	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 3)	3915	3995	4120	3975	4045	4120	3975	4050	4120	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 3)	3170	3305	3445	3190	3295	3380	3190	3295	3380	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single Ended)	3835		4120	3835		4120	3835		4120	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single Ended)	3190		3525	3190		3525	3190		3525	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	3.62		3.74	3.62		3.74	3.62		3.74	V
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential) (Note 4)	2.5		4.6	2.5		4.6	2.5		4.6	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current (Note 5)			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current (Note 5)	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

Note 2: Input and output parameters vary 1 to 1 with V_{CC} . V_{EE} can vary +0.8V/-0.5V.

Note 3: Outputs are terminated through a 50 Ω Resistor to $V_{CC} - 2.0V$.

Note 4: V_{IHCMR} minimum varies 1 to 1 with V_{EE} . V_{IHCMR} maximum varies 1-to-1 with V_{CC} . The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal. Normal operation is obtained if the HIGH level falls within the specified range and the peak-to-peak voltage lies between V_{PPMIN} and 1V.

Note 5: Absolute value of the input HIGH and LOW current should not exceed the absolute value of the stated Min or Max specification.

Note: Devices are designed to meet the DC specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established. Circuit is tested with air flow greater than 500LFPM maintained.

100EL NECL DC Electrical Characteristics $V_{CC} = 0.0V$; $V_{EE} = -5.0V$ (Note 6)

Symbol	Parameter	-40°C			25°C			85°C			Units
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current		18	22		18	22		21	26	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 7)	-1085	-1005	-880	-1025	-955	-880	-1025	-955	-880	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 7)	-1830	-1695	-1555	-1810	-1705	-1620	-1810	-1705	-1620	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single Ended)	-1165		-880	-1165		-880	-1165		-880	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single Ended)	-1810		-1475	-1810		-1475	-1810		-1475	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	-1.38		-1.26	-1.38		-1.26	-1.38		-1.26	V
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential) (Note 8)	-2.5		-0.4	-2.5		-0.4	-2.5		-0.4	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current (Note 9)			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current (Note 9)	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

Note 6: Input and output parameters vary 1 to 1 with V_{CC} . V_{EE} can vary +0.8V/-0.5V.

Note 7: Outputs are terminated through a 50 Ω Resistor to $V_{CC} - 2.0V$.

Note 8: V_{IHCMR} minimum varies 1 to 1 with V_{EE} . V_{IHCMR} maximum varies 1 to 1 with V_{CC} . The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal. Normal operation is obtained if the HIGH level falls within the specified range and the peak-to-peak voltage lies between V_{PPMIN} and 1V.

Note 9: Absolute value of the input HIGH and LOW current should not exceed the absolute value of the stated Min or Max specification.

Note: Devices are designed to meet the DC specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established. Circuit is tested with air flow greater than 500LFPM maintained.

100EL AC Electrical Characteristics $V_{CC} = 5V$; $V_{EE} = 0.0V$ or $V_{CC} = 0.0V$; $V_{EE} = -5V$
(Note 10)(Note 11)

Symbol	Parameter	-40°C			25°C			85°C			Units	Figure Number	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max			
f_{MAX}	Maximum Toggle Frequency	TBD			TBD			TBD			GHz		
t_{PLH} , t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay to Output (Diff) (SE)	125	250	375	175	250	325	205	280	355	ps	Figures 1, 3	
t_{SKEW}	Duty Cycle Skew (Note 12)	5			20			5			ps		
t_{JITTER}	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter	TBD			TBD			TBD			ps		
V_{PP}	Input Swing	150			1000			150			1000	mV	Figure 1
t_r , t_f	Output Rise Times Q (20% to 80%)	100	190	350	100	190	350	100	190	350	ps	Figure 2	

Note 10: V_{EE} can vary +0.8V / -0.5V.

Note 11: Measured using a 750 mV input swing centered at $V_{CC} - 1.32V$; 50% duty cycle clock source; $t_r = t_f = 250$ ps (20% - 80%) at $f_{IN} = 1$ MHz. All loading with 50Ω to $V_{CC} - 2.0V$.

Note 12: Duty cycle skew is the difference between a t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} propagation delay through a device under identical conditions.

Switching Waveforms

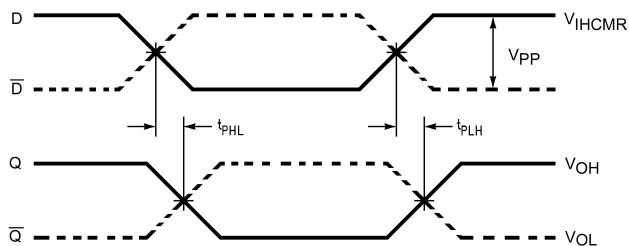


FIGURE 1. Differential to Differential Propagation Delay

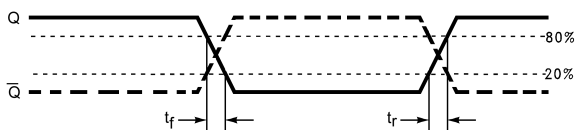


FIGURE 2. Differential Output Edge Rates

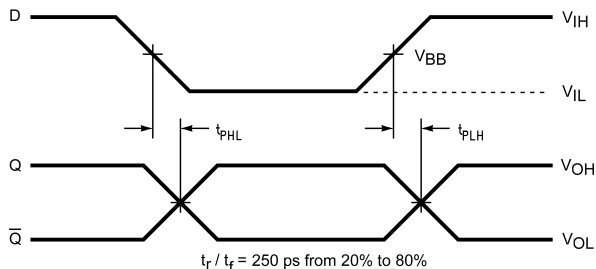
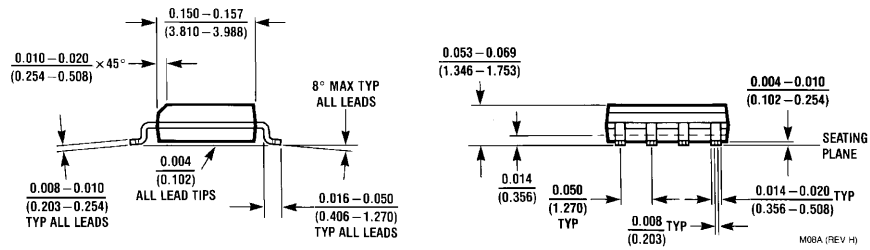
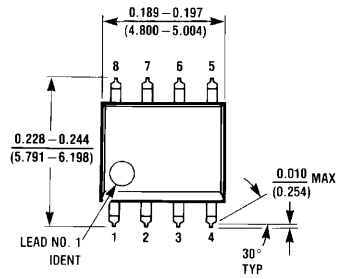


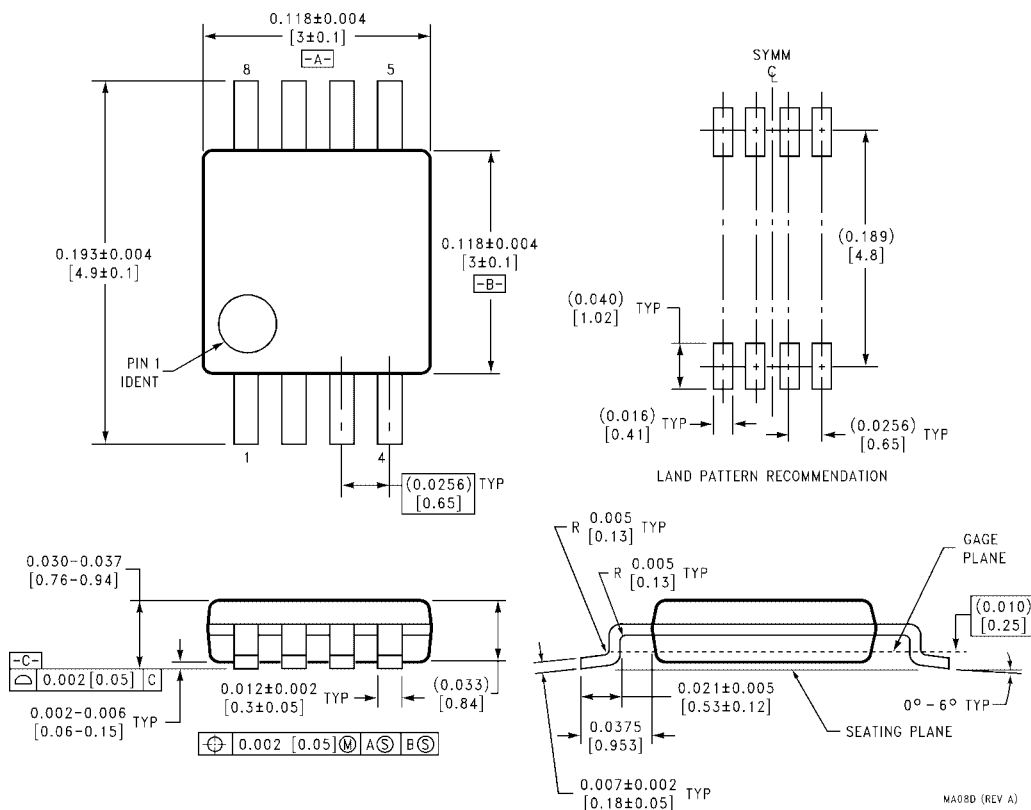
FIGURE 3. Single Ended to Differential Propagation Delay

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



**8-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow
Package Number M08A**

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



**8-Lead Molded Small Outline Package (MSOP), JEDEC MO-187, 3.0mm Wide
Package Number MA08D**

Fairchild does not assume any responsibility for use of any circuitry described, no circuit patent licenses are implied and Fairchild reserves the right at any time without notice to change said circuitry and specifications.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

www.fairchildsemi.com